THE GLORIOUS COMING OF JESUS AND THE TWO HARVESTS

Soon there appears in the east a small black cloud, about half the size of a man's hand. It is the cloud which surrounds the Saviour and which seems in the distance to be shrouded in darkness. The people of God know this to be the sign of the Son of man. In solemn silence they gaze upon it as it draws nearer the earth, becoming lighter and more glorious, until it is a great white cloud, its base a glory like consuming fire, and above it the rainbow of the covenant. Jesus rides forth as a mighty conqueror. Not now a "Man of Sorrows," to drink the bitter cup of shame and woe, He comes, victor in heaven and earth, to judge the living and the dead. "Faithful and True," "in righteousness He doth judge and make war." And "the armies which were in heaven" (Revelation 19:11, 14) follow Him. With anthems of celestial melody the holy angels, a vast, unnumbered throng, attend Him on His way. The firmament seems filled with radiant forms--"ten thousand times ten thousand, and thousands of thousands." No human pen can portray the scene; no mortal mind is adequate to conceive its splendor. "His glory covered the heavens, and the earth was full of His praise. And His brightness was as the light." Habakkuk 3:3,4. As the living cloud comes still nearer, every eye beholds the Prince of life. No crown of thorns now mars that sacred head; but a diadem of glory rests on His holy brow. His countenance outshines the dazzling brightness of the noonday sun. "And He hath on His vesture and on His thigh a name written, King of kings, and Lord of lords." Revelation 19:16.

THE DEAD WAIT IN THE GRAVE UNTIL THE SECOND COMING WHEN THE RIGHTEOUS ARE RAISED IN THE FIRST RESURRECTION

messages? Rev 14:13.	u irom neaven say about t	nose that died after they h	ad neard the three angels
Ans: a. ¹³ And I heard a voice from heaven s	aving unto me. Write.	are t	he
Ans: a. ¹³ And I heard a voice from heaven s which die in the Lord from henceforth: Yea Rev 14:13.	, saith the Spirit, that they ma	y rest from their labours; and	their works do follow them.
Ans: b. Blessed <i>are</i> the dead which die in text is the Greek word makarios (pdr.dylr% died the three angotied the three angoties the the three angoties the the the three the three	the Lord from henceforth.	The word	used here in this
text is the Greek word makarios (pdndylr%	r) meaning: "	" The Enhanced	Strong's Lexicon. Those that
died the three ange	el's massages were first pre-	ached together soon after	, when the
Sabbath and the sanctuary were more clearly	understood, are called blesse	ed or happy.	
There is a fro Christ bring with Him from the more (1 Cor 15:51-54). The eter 22:5). See note below	(1 Thes 4:14).	The trump will sound, the dea	ad will awaken to life, to die
Ans: c. Where will the dead wait until the	resurrection? Job 7:8-10:	10:18.19: 14:10-15: 17:13: 2°	1:13.32: 24:19.20: Ps 31:17:
49:12-15; 88:11,12; 89:47,48; Eccl 9:5,6,10			
⁸ The eye of him that hath	me shall see me	<i>more</i> : thine eyes <i>are</i> upor	me, and I am not. ⁹ As the
is consumed and	aw	ay: so he that goeth down to t	he
is consumed and shall come up more. ¹⁰ He shall _ Job 7:8-10.			
¹⁸ Wherefore then hast thou brought me forth	out of the womb? Oh that I	had given up the	, and no eye
had seen me! ¹⁹ I should have been as the	ough I had not been; I sho	uld have been carried from	the womb the
Job 10:18 10But man, and wastet	h away: yea, man giveth up t	he	_, and where is he? ^{11}As the
waters fail from the sea, and the floo : till the heavens be no r	d decayeth and drieth up	: ¹² So man lieth	, and riseth
: till the heavens be no r	nore, they shall awake	, nor be	out of their sleep. ¹³ O
that thou wouldest hide me in the	, that th	ou wouldest keep me	. until thy
be past, that th	ou wouldest appoint me a se	t time, and remember me! $^{14}\mathrm{L}$	f a man, shall he
again? all the days of r	my appointed time will I wait,	till my change come. ¹³ Thou	shalt, and
I will answer thee: thou wilt have a desire to	the work of thine hands. Job	4:10-15.	
¹³ If I wait, the <i>is</i>	mine	: I have made 1	my bed in the darkness. Job
17:13.			
¹³ They spend their days in wealth, and in a m	noment go	to the	Job 21:13.
17:13. 13 They spend their days in wealth, and in a m 32 Yet shall he be brought to the	, and shall remai	n in the	Job 21:32.
¹⁹ Drought and heat th	ne snow waters: so doth the _	tho	se which have sinned. 20The
womb shall forget him; the	shall feed	on him; h	e shall be more
remembered; and wickedness shall be broker ¹⁷ Let me not be ashamed, O LORD;		hee: let the wicked be a	shamed, and let them be

in the

Section Eight – War of Worship in the Time of Judgment Lesson 29 - Jesus' final warning in love to the whole world part 3

Nevertheless man <i>being</i> in honour abideth not: he is	thethat perish. their sayings. Selah. 14Like sheep they are laid in the
: death shall feed on them: and th	ne upright shall have dominion over them in the morning; and their
beauty shall consume in the	from their
me. Selah. Ps 49:12-15.	: for ne snail
11 Shall thy lovingkindness be declared in the	2 or thy faithfulness in destruction? 12 Shall thy wonders be
11 Shall thy lovingkindness be declared in the known in the ? and thy righteousness in the la 47 Remember how my time is: wherefore hast	and of Ps 88:11.12
ATRemember how my time is: wherefore hast	thou made all men in vain? ⁴⁸ What man <i>is he that</i> liveth, and shall
see death? shall he him	is soul from the hand of the ? Selah. Ps
89:47.48.	
⁵ For the know that they shall	: but the know
any thing, neither have they any more a, and their hatred, and their envy, is now _	; for the memory of them is forgotten. ⁶ Also their
, and their hatred, and their envy, is now _	; neither have they any more a
for ever in any <i>thing</i> that is done under the formula $\frac{10}{10}$ Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might	under the sun. Eccl 9:5,6.
Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy mig	ht; for there is no, nor device, nor
	, whither thou goest. Eccl 9:10.
down into the nit connet have for thy truth 19 The living the	thee, death can celebrate thee; they that go
do this day: the father to the children shall make known thy truth. I	
⁹ And he made his with the	and with the rich in his death; because he
had done no violence, neither <i>was any</i> deceit in his mouth. Isa 53:9	, and with the field in his death, because he
¹⁴ I will them from the power of the	; I will redeem them from death:
O death, I will be thy plagues; O, I will	be thy: repentance
shall be hid from mine eyes. Hos 13:14.	
¹¹ These things said he: and after that he saith unto them, Our frien	d sleepeth; but I go, that I
may awake him out of ¹² Then	said his disciples, Lord, if he sleep, he shall do well. ¹³ Howbeit
may awake him out of ¹² Then Jesus spake of his : but they though unto them plainly, Lazarus is Jn 11:11-1-	at that he had spoken of taking of rest in sleep. 14Then said Jesus
unto them plainly, Lazarus is Jn 11:11-14	4.
17Then when Jesus came, he found that he had <i>lain</i> in the grave	days already. Jn 11:17.
²⁴ Martha saith unto him, I know that he shall rise again in the ²⁵ Jesus said unto her, I am the resurrection, and the, yet shall he	the that believeth in me though he were
vet shall he	. he that believed in me, though he were
, yet shan no die. Believest thou this? Jn 11:24-26.	This whosperer from the believed in the shair
³⁸ Jesus therefore again groaning in himself cometh to the	. It was a cave, and a stone lay upon it. ³⁹ Jesus
said, Take ye away the stone. Martha, the sister of him	n that was dead, saith unto him, Lord, by this time he
: for he hath been <i>dead</i> four	r days. ⁴⁰ Jesus saith unto her, Said I not unto thee, that, if thou
wouldest believe, thou shouldest see the glory of God? ⁴¹ Then the	ey took away thefrom the place where the dead
was And Jesus lifted up <i>his</i> eyes, and said, F	Father, I thank thee that thou hast heard me. 42And I knew that thou
hearest me always: but because of the people which stand by I sa	id it, that they may believe that thou hast sent me. ⁴³ And when he
thus had spoken, he cried with a loud voice, Laza came, bound	rus, forth. And he that was
with a napkin. Jesus saith unto them, Loose him, and let him go. Jn ²⁵ Verily, verily, I say unto you, The hour is coming, and now is,	when the shall hear the voice of the Son of
God: and they that hear shall Jn 5:25.	when the shall hear the voice of the son of
²⁸ Marvel not at this: for the hour is coming, in the which	that are in the shall hear his
²⁸ Marvel not at this: for the hour is coming, in the which voice, ²⁹ And shall come forth; they that have done good, unto the	e resurrection of ; and they that have done evil,
unto the resurrection of Jn 5:28.29.	. ,
Ans: d. According to the Bible David will be saved (Heb 11:31	
waiting for the resurrection at the Second Coming? Acts 2:29,3	
²⁹ Men and brethren, let me freely speak unto you of the	patriarch David, that he is both and
, and his sepulchre is with us unto the	nis day. Acts 2:29.
³⁴ For David is ascended into the Lord, Sit thou on my right hand, Act 2:34.	: but he saith himself, The LORD said unto my
Lord, Sit thou on my right hand, Act 2.34.	
Ans: e. Daniel is another person who will be saved and go to he	aven (Heb 11:31-40). When will that hannen? Daniel 12:9.13.
⁹ And he said. Go thy way.	yords <i>are</i> closed up and sealed till the time of the end. Dan 12:9.
⁹ And he said, Go thy way,: for the w ¹³ But go thou thy way till the <i>be</i> : for thou shalt	, and in thy lot at the
of the days. Dan 12:13.	
³⁹ And this is the Father's will which hath sent me, that of	which he hath given me I should lose nothing, but should
it up again at the da	ıy. Jn 6:39.
⁴⁰ And this is the will of him that sent me, that every one which s	seeth the Son, and believeth on him, may have
life: and I will him up at the day	7. Jn 6:40.
⁴⁴ No man can come to me, except the Father which hath sent	t me draw him: and I will him up at the
day. Jn 6:44. 54Whoso eateth my flesh, and drinketh my blood, hath	lifer and I will him 41-
whoso eateth my flesh, and drinketh my blood, nath day. Jn 6:54.	nim up at the
day. 31 0.34. 24 Martha saith unto him, I know that he shall	again in the
day. Jn 11:24.	

Ans: 1. When did job expect to see Jesus his redeemer after he had died and gone to the grave: Job 19:25-27. 25 For I know that my redeemer liveth, and that he shall stand at the day upon the earth: ²⁶ And though after
²⁵ For I know <i>that</i> my redeemer liveth, and <i>that</i> he shall stand at the <i>day</i> upon the earth: ²⁶ And <i>though</i> after my skin <i>worms</i> destroy this <i>body</i> , yet in my flesh shall I God: ²⁷ Whom I shall see for myself, and mine eyes
shall behold, and not another; <i>though</i> my reins be consumed within me. Job 19:25-27.
Ans: g. Yea, saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labours; and their works do follow them. The apostle was bidden to write, "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth: Yea, saith the, that they may
from their labors; and their works do follow them." Revelation 14:13. From this we can see that all are
to be up; and if they are raised to health they should not be judged as of eternal life. If Jesus, the world's Redeemer, prayed, "O My Father, if it be possible, let this cup
from Me," and added, "nevertheless not as I will, but as wilt" (Matthew 26:39), how
very appropriate it is for finite mortals to make the same surrender to the wisdom and will of God.
When a man dies, his influence does die with him; but it on, reproducing itself. The influence of the man who was good and pure and holy lives on after his death, like the of the descending
, casting its glories athwart the heavens, lighting up the peaks long after the sun has behind the hill. So will the works of the pure and the holy and the good reflect their light when they no longer
has behind the hill. So will the works of the pure and the holy and the good reflect their light when they no longer
live to speak and act themselves. Their works, their words, their example will live. "The shall be in everlasting" See note below.
shall be in everlasting See note below.
Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth. The word blessed used here in this text is the Greek word makarios (pdndylr*) meaning: "happy." The Enhanced Strong's Lexicon. Those that died after the three angel's massages were first preached together soon after 1844 when the Sabbath and the sanctuary were more clearly understood are called blessed or happy. There is a pledge from Him who is the resurrection and the life (Jn 11:25), that those who sleep in Jesus will Christ bring with Him from the grave (1 Thes 4:14). The trump will sound, the dead will awaken to life, to die no more (1 Cor 15:51-54). The eternal morning has come to them, for there will be no night in the city of God (Rev 21:25; 22:5). Yea, saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labours; and their works do follow them. The apostle was bidden to write, "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth: Yea, saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labors; and their works do follow them." Revelation 14:13. From this we can see that all are not to be raised up; and if they are not raised to health
they should not be judged as unworthy of eternal life. If Jesus, the world's Redeemer, prayed, "O My Father, if it be possible, let this cup pass from Me," and added, "nevertheless not as I will, but as Thou wilt" (Matthew 26:39), how very appropriate it is for finite
mortals to make the same surrender to the wisdom and will of God. When a man dies, his influence does not die with him; but it lives on, reproducing itself. The influence of the man who was good
and pure and holy lives on after his death, like the glow of the descending sun, casting its glories athwart the heavens, lighting up the
mountain peaks long after the sun has sunk behind the hill. So will the works of the pure and the holy and the good reflect their light
when they no longer live to speak and act themselves. Their works, their words, their example will forever live. "The righteous shall
be in everlasting remembrance."
JESUS COMES BACK THE SECOND TIME ON A GREAT WHITE
CLOUD
2. What did John see next in vision which all that have died shall be raised to see at the resurrection of the righteous? Rev 14:14.
Ans: a. ¹⁴ And I looked, and behold a cloud, and upon the cloud <i>one</i> sat like unto the of man, having on his head a golden, and in his hand a sharp Rev 14:14.
Ans: b. Then commenced the jubilee (Lev 27:24), when the land should rest (Lev 25:11). The Second of Jesus is here described when Jesus the son of God comes in glory. I saw the pious slave rise in
and victory, and shake off the chains that bound him, while his wicked master was in confusion, and
knew not what to do; for the wicked could not understand the words of the voice of God (Dan. 12:10). Soon appeared the great
cloud (Rev. 14: 14). It looked more lovely than ever before. On it sat the Son of Man (Lk
21:27). At first we did not see Jesus on the cloud, but as it drew near the earth, we could behold his person. This cloud when it first appeared was the of the Son of Man in heaven (Mt. 24:30). The voice of
the Son of God called forth the sleeping saints (Jn 5:25-28) clothed with a glorious (1 Cor
15:51-54). The living saints were changed in a, and caught up with them in the cloudy (1 Cor 15:51-54; 1Thess. 4:17; Ps 104:3,4; 68:17). It looked all over glorious as it rolled
upwards. On either side of the chariot were, and beneath it wheels. And as the chariot rolled
upwards, the wheels cried Holy, and the wings as they moved, cried Holy, and the retinue of Holy Angels around the cloud cried
, Holy, Holy, Lord God Almighty (Ezek 1:19-21). And the saints in the cloud cried Glory, Hallelujah. And the cloudy chariot rolled upwards to the Holy City. Jesus threw open the of the Golden City, and
us in (Isa. 26:2). Here we were made welcome, for we had kept the
of God," and had a " to the tree of life."(Rev. 22:14).
See note below.

Then commenced the jubilee (Lev 27:24), when the land should rest (Lev 25:11). The Second Coming of Jesus is here described when Jesus the Son of God comes in glory. I saw the pious slave rise in triumph and victory, and shake off the chains that bound him, while his wicked master was in confusion, and knew not what to do; for the wicked could not understand the words of the voice of

God (Dan. 12:10). Soon appeared the great white cloud (Rev. 14: 14). It looked more lovely than ever before. On it sat the Son of Man (Lk 21:27). At first we did not see Jesus on the cloud, but as it drew near the earth, we could behold his lovely person. This cloud when it first appeared was the Sign of the Son of Man in heaven (Mt. 24:30). The voice of the Son of God called forth the sleeping saints (Jn 5:25-28) clothed with a glorious immortality (1 Cor 15:51-54). The living saints were changed in a moment, and caught up with them in the cloudy chariot (1 Cor 15:51-54; 1Thess. 4:17). It looked all over glorious as it rolled upwards. On either side of the chariot were wings, and beneath it wheels. And as the chariot rolled upwards, the wheels cried Holy, and the wings as they moved, cried Holy, and the retinue of Holy Angels around the cloud cried Holy, Holy, Lord God Almighty (Ezek 1:19-21). And the saints in the cloud cried Glory, Hallelujah. And the cloudy chariot rolled upwards to the Holy City. Jesus threw open the gates of the Golden City, and led us in (Isa. 26:2). Here we were made welcome, for we had kept the "Commandments of God," and had a "right to the tree of life." (Rev. 22:14).

AT THE SECOND COMING OF CHRIST THE EARTH IS REAPED BY JESUS – THE FIRST REAPING MENTIONED IS OF THE RIGHTEOUS

	tha tamenla amina crith c	loud voice to	that an	t on the
Ans: a. ¹⁵ And another angel came out of Thrust in thy sickle, and	one temple, crying with a for the time is	come for thee to	rean: for the	of the,
the earth is Rev 14:15		come for thee to	reup, for the	
Ans: b. ³⁷ He answered and said unto th	em, He that	the	good seed is the	of man; ³⁸ The
of the kingdom; but theis the	; the	good	are	e the
of the kingdom; but the	are the children of	the	one;	The
that sowed them is the; and the	;	are the	is the	40 As therefore the tares are
gathered and	in the	: so s	hall it be in	the of this
	of man shall send forth	his	,	and they shall gather out of his
gathered and ⁴¹ The Sor kingdom all things that offend, and the	em which do iniquity;	⁴² And shall ca	ast them into a	of
: there s	hall be wailing and gnas	shing of teeth. ""	Γhen shall the	
shine forth as the in	the kingdom of their Fath	ner. Who hath ears	s to hear, let him h	near. Mt 13:37-43.
Ans: c. It is the privilege of every Ch	riction not only to	for	but to	the
coming of our Lord Jesus Christ, (2 Peter	3:12. margin). Were	who prof	ess His name bea	ring to
His glory, how quickly the whole world w	ould be	with the	of th	e gospel. Quickly the last great
would be		, an	ıd	would
to gather the precio	ous grain. See note below			
4 What did Iogue do thon? Doy 14-14				
4. What did Jesus do then? Rev 14:16				
Ans: a. ¹⁶ And that sat on		in his		on the earth; and the earth
Ans: a. ¹⁶ And that sat on was Rev 14:16.	the cloud			
Ans: a. ¹⁶ And that sat on was Rev 14:16. Ans: b. Let Israel hope in God. The	the cloud	_ of the vineyar	d is even now g	athering from among men of
Ans: a. ¹⁶ And that sat on was Rev 14:16. Ans: b. Let Israel hope in God. The nations and peoples of	the cloud he precious	_ of the vineyar	d is even now g _ for which He h	athering from among men of as long been waiting. Soon He
Ans: a. ¹⁶ And that sat on was Rev 14:16. Ans: b. Let Israel hope in God. The nations and peoples twill come unto His own; and in that glad that come of Jacob to take root: Israel sha	the cloud he precious day His eternal purpose for	of the vineyar	d is even now g _ for which He harael will finally be	athering from among men of as long been waiting. Soon He fulfilled. "He shall cause them
Ans: a. ¹⁶ And that sat on was Rev 14:16. Ans: b. Let Israel hope in God. The nations and peoples twill come unto His own; and in that glad of the gradual come unto His own; and in the gradual come unto His own; and the	the cloud he precious day His eternal purpose for	of the vineyar	d is even now g _ for which He harael will finally be	athering from among men of as long been waiting. Soon He fulfilled. "He shall cause them
Ans: a. ¹⁶ And that sat on was Rev 14:16. Ans: b. Let Israel hope in God. The nations and peoples twill come unto His own; and in that glad that come of Jacob to take root: Israel sha	the cloud he precious day His eternal purpose for the control of th	or the house of Isi and bud, a gathering from an	d is even now g for which He had will finally be and finally be another be and finally be and fi	gathering from among men of as long been waiting. Soon He fulfilled. "He shall cause them the face of the world ations and peoples the precious eternal purpose for the house of
Ans: a. ¹⁶ And that sat on was Rev 14:16. Ans: b. Let Israel hope in God. The nations and peoples twill come unto His own; and in that glad that come of Jacob to take root: Israel sha with" Isa 2 Let Israel hope in God. The Master of the fruits for which He has long been waiting. Israel will finally be fulfilled. "He shall care."	the cloud he precious lay His eternal purpose fell 7:6. he vineyard is even now go Soon He will come unto house them that come of January is the come of January	or the house of Isi and bud, a gathering from an His own; and in the acob to take root:	d is even now g for which He had lead will finally be and lead mong men of all na that glad day His e Israel shall blosse	gathering from among men of as long been waiting. Soon He fulfilled. "He shall cause them the face of the world ations and peoples the precious eternal purpose for the house of om and bud, and fill the face of
Ans: a. 16 And that sat on was Rev 14:16. Ans: b. Let Israel hope in God. The nations and peoples to will come unto His own; and in that glad of that come of Jacob to take root: Israel sha with" Isa 2 Let Israel hope in God. The Master of the fruits for which He has long been waiting. Israel will finally be fulfilled. "He shall cathe world with fruit." Verse 6	the cloud he precious day His eternal purpose foll 7:6. ne vineyard is even now g Soon He will come unto ause them that come of Ja THE WICK OF JI	of the vineyar or the house of Isi and bud, a gathering from an o His own; and in the acob to take root: ED AT TE ESUS	d is even now g for which He had lead will finally be and lead mong men of all na that glad day His e Israel shall blosse	gathering from among men of as long been waiting. Soon He fulfilled. "He shall cause them the face of the world ations and peoples the precious eternal purpose for the house of om and bud, and fill the face of

Section Eight – War of Worship in the Time of Judgment Lesson 29 - Jesus' final warning in love to the whole world part 3

, saying, Thrust in thy sharp sickle, and gather the clusters of the ______ of the earth; for

her are fully ripe. Rev	14:17,18.	
Ans: b. Here comes to view the are busy with activity all doing their appointed duties in come out of the Sanctuary or on now (Heb 9:23-28). See note below.	readiness for the harvest of the wicked a	t of the world. They
Here comes to view the preparation for the second harduties in readiness for the harvest of wicked in the end of work of cleansing of sin and judgment are being carried of	f the world. They come out of the Heave on now (Heb 9:23-28).	
6. What did the angel with the sharp sickle do next?	Rev 14:19.	
Ans: a. ¹⁹ And the angel thrust in his i into the great winepress of the		of the earth, and cast it
Ans: b. The winepress of the wrath of God is a syn	nbol of the seven last	ending in the final
19:15-21). See note below.	ond	of Christ (Rev15:1; 16:1,19;
Ans: c. Ellen G White was taken off in vision to the bottom of his garment was a bell and a pomegranate, a would not leave the Most	bell and a pomegranate. Then she saw Place until every	that was decided either for
not come until Jesus had h	is work in the Most	Place, laid off his priestly attire
and clothed himself with the garments of	. Then Jesus will steet his on those who ons, the of G	p out from between the Father and have his od, and the time to judge the dead,
trouble, such as never was, had yet com	menced (Dan 12:1). The nations are not	w getting angry, but when our High
Priest has finished his work in the Sanctuary, he wil	l stand up, put on the garments of verthe four angels would hold the four	engeance, and then the seven last until Jesus' work was
done in the Sanctuary (Rev 7:1-4; 15:8), and then will orighteous, and they thought that had brought	tome the seven last plagues. These plag	wes enraged the wicked against the
, then the plagues would be stayed. A	went forth to	the saints, which
caused them to cry day and night for	of spirit, and were delivered by the	voice of God. Then the 144,000
who were howling in in the balance, and found v	On their garments was written wanting." (Dan 5:27)I asked who this con	in large characters, "Thou art mpany were. The angel said, "These
are they who have kept the		
with a loud voice, "We have believed in thy coming, and upon their garments and see the writing, and then they we residue with their feet trodden the found wanting. A Sketch of the Christian Experience and	ould wail aloud. I saw that they had drun under foot, and that is why th	k of the deep waters, and fouled the ey were weighed in the balance and
The winepress of the wrath of God is a symbol of the se Coming of Christ (Rev15:1; 16:1,19; 19:15-21).		
Ellen G White was taken off in vision to the Most Holy garment was a bell and a pomegranate, a bell and a pome		
every case was decided either for salvation or destruction in the Most Holy Place, laid off his priestly attire and clo	, and that the wrath of God could not couthed himself with the garments of venge	me until Jesus had finished his work ance. Then Jesus will step out from
between the Father and man, and God will keep silence saw that the anger of the nations, the wrath of God, and		
saw that Michael had not stood up, and that the time of t	rouble, such as never was, had not yet c	ommenced (Dan 12:1). The nations
are now getting angry, but when our High Priest has fir		
vengeance, and then the seven last plagues will be poured was done in the Sanctuary (Rev 7:1-4; 15:8), and then will righteous, and they thought that we had brought them do	ll come the seven last plagues. These pla wn upon them, and if they could rid the	gues enraged the wicked against the earth of us, then the plagues would
be stayed. A decree went forth to slay the saints, which Jacob's trouble (Jer 30:7). Then all the saints cried out		
144,000 triumphed. Their faces were lighted up with the their garments was written in large characters, "Thou art	glory of God. Then I was shown a compa weighed in the balance, and found war	any who were howling in agony. On ting." (Dan 5:27). I asked who this
company were. The angel said, "These are they who hav voice, "We have believed in thy coming, and taught it w		

garments and see the writing, and then they would wail aloud. I saw that they had drunk of the deep waters, and fouled the residue with their feet-- trodden the Sabbath under foot, and that is why they were weighed in the balance and found wanting. A Sketch of

the Christian Experience and Views of Ellen G. White page 19.

THE WICKED SHALL BE DESTROYED AT THE SECOND COMING WHEN THEY COME TO KILL THE RIGHTEOUS

Ans: a. ²⁰ And the	was trodden came out of the winepress, even unto the horse	the	. an
	came out of the winepress, even unto the horse		by the space of
	and six hundred furlongs. Rev 14:20.		, by the space of
Ans: b. ¹¹ For the bodies of	of those beasts, whose blood is brought into the sanctuary by t	the high priest for s	in, are burned without the
camp. 12Wherefore	also, that he might sanctify the	people with his	own blood, suffered
	also, that he might sanctify the the ¹³ Let us go forth therefore unto him w	ithout the camp, b	earing his reproach. 14Fo
here have we no continuin	ng, but we seek one to come. Heb 13:11-14	4.	
Ans: c. ¹ Who is this that	cometh from Edom, with dyed garments from Bozrah? this th	nat is glorious in his	s apparel, travelling in the
greatness of his strength?	I that speak in righteousness, mighty to save. ² Wherefore <i>art</i>	thou	in thine apparel, and
thy garments like him tha	at treadeth in the? ³ I have trodden as with me: for I will tread ther; and their blood shall be sprinkled upon	the	alone
trample than in my	as with me: for I will tread their	n in mine	, and
⁴ For the day of vengeance	e is in mine heart, and the year of my	is come	$^{5}\Delta$ nd I looked, and then
was none to help: and I w	condered that <i>there was</i> none to uphold: therefore mine own ar	m brought salvation	n unto me and my fury i
unheld me ⁶ And I will	down the	in mine	and and any rury, i
make them drunk in my fu	ary, and I will bring down their strength to the earth. Isa 63:1-6	<u> </u>	, and
Ans: d. ¹⁵ The	hath under for	ot all my mighty m	en in the midst of me: h
hath called an assembly	hath under for against me to crush my young men: the Lord hath trodden	the virgin, the da	aughter of Judah, as in
	Lam 1:15.		
Ans: a 14 And the	which were in heaven followed him upon	white horses clothe	ad in fine linen, white an
clean 15 And out of	his mouth goeth a sharp sword, that with it	he should	th
cican. Tha out of	: and he shall rule them with a rod of iron: and he tre	eadeth the	
the	and of Almighty God. ¹⁶	And he hath on <i>his</i>	vesture and on his thigh
name written,	OF KINGS, AND LORD OF LORDS. 17	And I saw an ange	el standing in the sun; and
he cried with a loud voic	re, saying to all the fowls that fly in the midst of heaven, Co	ome and gather you	urselves together unto the
supper of the great God; 1	⁸ That ye may eat the flesh of kings, and the flesh of captains,	and the flesh of mi	ghty men, and the flesh o
horses, and of them that	t sit on them, and the flesh of all men, both free and bor	nd, both small and	d great. ¹⁹ And I saw th
	, and the of the earth, and their _ nst him that sat on the horse, and against his army. ²⁰ And the _		, gathered together to
make agai	nst him that sat on the horse, and against his army. ²⁰ And the _	W	as taken, and with him the
	rophet that wrought miracles before him, with which he dece		
	hipped his image. These both were cast alive into a lake of fir the sword of him that sat upon the horse, which <i>sword</i> procee		
filled with their flesh. Rev		ded out of his mou	un: and an the fowls were
Ans: f 17 And thou son or	f man, thus saith the Lord GOD; Speak unto every feathered _	an	id to every
of the field Assemble voi	urselves, and come; gather yourselves on every side to my sac	rifice that I do sacr	rifice for you even a grea
sacrifice upon the mounta	ains of Israel, that ye may eat flesh, and drink	. ¹⁸ Ye shall e	at the flesh of the mighty
and drink the blood of the	of the earth, of rams, of lambs, and of goat	ts, of bullocks, all o	of them fatlings of Bashan
¹⁹ And ye shall eat fat til	ll ye be, and drink blood till ye be	, of m	ny sacrifice which I have
sacrificed for you. ²⁰ Thus	of the earth, of rams, of lambs, and of goat lye be, and drink blood till ye be ye shall be filled at my table with horses and chariots, with	mer	, and with all men of war
saith the Lord GOD.	²¹ And I will set my among the hea	then, and all the	heathen shall see my
tha	at I have executed, and my that I have laid upon	on them. Ezek 39:17	7-21.
Ans: g. ¹² Let the heathen	be wakened, and come up to the valley of Jehoshaphat: for t	there will I sit to ju	dge all the heathen round
about. 13Put ye in the	, for the	is ripe: come,	get you down; for the
	is full, the fats overflow; for their	is g	reat. Joel 3:12,13.
Ans: h. And the winep	ress was trodden without the city. The	is a	0
God's	and vengeance poured out on the on the wicked	by their	and
	(Isa 63:1-6; Lam 1:15; Rev 19:14-21; Joel 3	3:12,13).	suffered
outside the city of	(Heb 13:11-14). Jerusalem is a sys	mbol of God's	
(Zech 8:8). So the	being trodden without the	city shows that	God's people are no
	_ by the wrath of God. Later on at the end of the thousand ye	ars the wicked will	gather round the city and
will be finally destroyed l	by fire (Rev 21:1,10; 20:7-9). At the Second country of the world, in readiness to	the wic	ked will be around God's
people (Jerusalem) in	country of the world, in readiness to	ther	n. Then Jesus comes and
	His people from the wicked to take them home with Him for	or	See not
below.			

of the wicked at the Second of Jesus
of the wicked at the Second of Jesus in this way (Rev 2:20-23). Jezebel was
symbolic of the period in the Seven Churches who God will destroy at the Second Coming in s
similar symbolism to the destruction of Jezebel. With the Blood of Jezebel the blood was only sprinkled but at the time of the Second
Coming the bloodshed will be in a far measure in symbol up to the horses man (the biggest family of
horses "Shire" would have its bridle at about 2 [6feet]). 30And when Jehu was come to Jezreel, heard <i>of it</i> ; and she painted her face, and tired her head, and looked out at a window. 31And as Jehu entered in at the gate, she said, <i>Had</i> Zimri peace, who slew his master? 32And he lifted up his
heard of it; and she painted her face, and tired her head, and
looked out at a window. And as Jehu entered in at the gate, she said, <i>Had Zimri</i> peace, who slew his master? And he lifted up his face to the
face to the, and said, Who <i>is</i> on my side? who? And there looked out to him two <i>or</i> three eunuchs. ³³ And he said, her down. So they her down: and <i>some</i> of her was
sprinkled on the wall, and on the: and he
2 Kings 9:30 - 33. See note below.
Ans: j. By the space of a thousand and six hundred furlongs. This is a distance (1,600 furlongs) of about
miles (322 Kilometers). The heavenly Jerusalem is 12,000 furlongs or miles (2,414 Kilometers) around the wall
which is square (Rev 21:16). The area inside the city is 140,625 square
1,600 furlongs (Rev 14:20) or 200 miles (322 Kilometers) was measured right around the city in every direction that would be an area of square miles (627642.6 square Kilometers). This is the area of blood around the city. Th number of
the wicked people that would crowd into this area as in the final destruction of Satan and his followers (Rev 20:7-10) would be up to
5,000,000,000 or 5 people which is about the of the today. This area outside the city is nearly three times the area inside the city. God is giving a very detailed and graphic symbolism in
this description of the Second Coming. This is a very severe of while time
still lasts to accept the loving call of Jesus to repentance and conversion. The Bible calls Jerusalem God's people. God's people will
be of Jesus and the wicked will be destroyed by fire (2 Thes 1:8). The Bible describes thousands and ten thousands falling around us at the time of the plagues up to the
Second Coming. Revelation 14:20 gives a symbolic picture of the that will come to the wicked if they
Second Coming. Revelation 14:20 gives a symbolic picture of the that will come to the wicked if they do not and accept into their lives every day. See note below.
Ans: k. My attention was again directed to the earth. The wicked had been, and their dead bodies were lying upon its surface. The wrath of God in the seven last had been visited upon the inhabitants of the
lying upon its surface. The wrath of God in the seven last had been visited upon the inhabitants of the
earth, causing them to gnaw their tongues from pain and to curse God. The shepherds had been the signal objects of Jehovah's Their eyes had consumed away in their holes, and their tongues in their mouths, while they
stood upon their feet. After the saints had been by the voice of God, the wicked multitude turned
their rage upon one another. The earth seemed to be with, and
bodies were from one of it to the other. Ellen G. White, Spiritual Gifts, page 289. See
note below.
And the winepress was trodden without the city. The winepress is a symbol of God's wrath and vengeance poured out on the on the
wicked by their plagues and destruction (Isa 63:1-6; Lam 1:15; Rev 19:14-21; Joel 3:12,13). Jesus suffered outside the city of
Jerusalem (Heb 13:11-14). Jerusalem is a symbol of God's people (Zech 8:8). So the winepress being trodden without the city shows
that God's people are not touched by the wrath of God. Later on at the end of the thousand years the wicked will gather round the
city and will be finally destroyed by fire (Rev 21:1,10; 20:7-9). At the Second Coming the wicked will be around God's people (Jerusalem) in every country of the world, in readiness to destroy them. Then Jesus comes and rescues His people from the wicked to
take them home with Him for ever.
And blood came out of the winepress, even unto the horse bridles. This phrase is a symbol of the destruction of the wicked at the
Second Coming of Jesus. Jezebel the great enemy of God's people was destroyed in this way (Rev 2:20-23). Jezebel was symbolic of
the Papal period in the Seven Churches who God will destroy at the Second Coming in s similar symbolism to the destruction of Jezebel. With the Blood of Jezebel the blood was only sprinkled but at the time of the Second Coming the bloodshed will be in a far
greater measure in symbol up to the horses bridle. The horse bridle is about the height of the average man (the biggest family of
horses "Shire" would have its bridle at about 2 meters [6feet]).
³⁰ And when Jehu was come to Jezreel, Jezebel heard <i>of it</i> ; and she painted her face, and tired her head, and looked out at a window.
³¹ And as Jehu entered in at the gate, she said, <i>Had</i> Zimri peace, who slew his master? ³² And he lifted up his face to the window, and
said, Who is on my side? who? And there looked out to him two or three eunuchs. ³³ And he said, Throw her down. So they threw her down: and <i>some</i> of her blood was sprinkled on the wall, and on the horses: and he trode her under foot. 2 Kings 9:30 - 33.
By the space of a thousand and six hundred furlongs. This is a distance (1,600 furlongs) of about 200 miles (322 Kilometers). The
heavenly Jerusalem is 12,000 furlongs or 1,500 miles (2,414 Kilometers) around the wall which is square (Rev 21:16). The area
inside the city is 140,625 square miles (5827444 square Kilometers). If a space of 1,600 furlongs (Rev 14:20) or 200 miles (322
Kilometers) was measured right around the city in every direction that would be an area of 390,000 square miles (627642.6 square
Kilometers). This is the area of blood around the city. Th number of the wicked people that would crowd into this area as in the final destruction of Satan and his followers (Rev 20:7-10) would be up to 5,000,000,000 or 5 billion people which is about the population
of the world today. This area outside the city is nearly three times the area inside the city. God is giving a very detailed and graphic
symbolism in this description of the Second Coming. This is a very severe warning of mercy while time still lasts to accept the loving
call of Jesus to repentance and conversion. The Bible calls Jerusalem God's people. God's people will be surrounded by the wicked
at the Second Coming of Jesus and the wicked will be destroyed by fire (2 Thes 1:8). The Bible describes thousands and ten
thousands falling around us at the time of the plagues up to the Second Coming. Revelation 14:20 gives a symbolic picture of the terror that will come to the wicked if they do not repeat and accept Jesus into their lives every day.

Section Eight – War of Worship in the Time of Judgment Lesson 29 - Jesus' final warning in love to the whole world part 3

My attention was again directed to the earth. The wicked had been destroyed, and their dead bodies were lying upon its surface. The wrath of God in the seven last plagues had been visited upon the inhabitants of the earth, causing them to gnaw their tongues from pain and to curse God. The false shepherds had been the signal objects of Jehovah's wrath. Their eyes had consumed away in their holes, and their tongues in their mouths, while they stood upon their feet. After the saints had been delivered by the voice of God, the wicked multitude turned their rage upon one another. The earth seemed to be deluged with blood, and dead bodies were from one end of it to the other. Ellen G. White, Spiritual Gifts, page 289.

8. Would you like to accept Jesus into your life daily, and show your love to Him by keeping the Sabbath and all of His Commandments, so that He can save you from the terrible fate of the wicked and take you into His wonderful city for ever?
